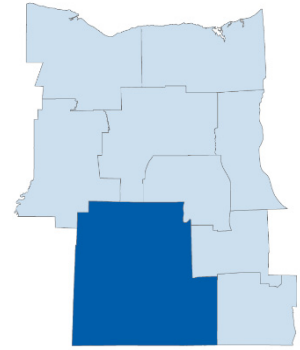




STEUBEN COUNTY HEALTH PROFILE



Finger Lakes Health Systems Agency, 2017



About the Report

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of health data specific to **Steuben County**. Where possible, benchmarks have been given to compare county rates to Upstate New York.

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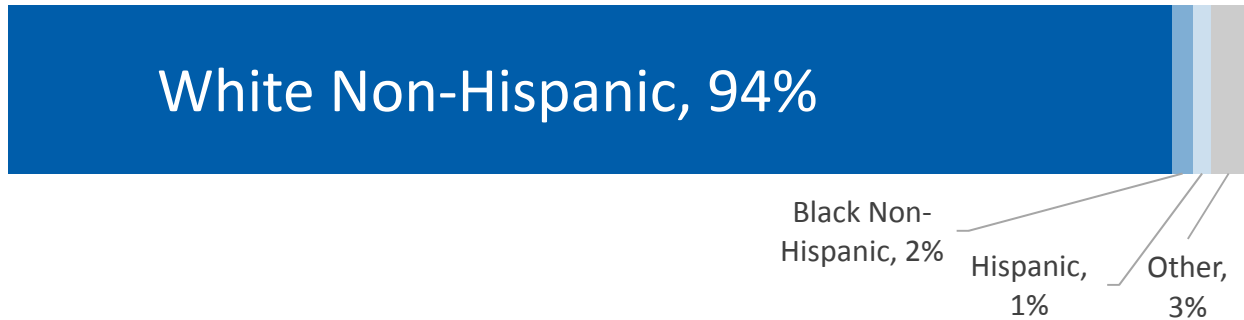
Where comparisons between regions are made throughout the report, the following color code will be used:

Steuben County	Upstate New York
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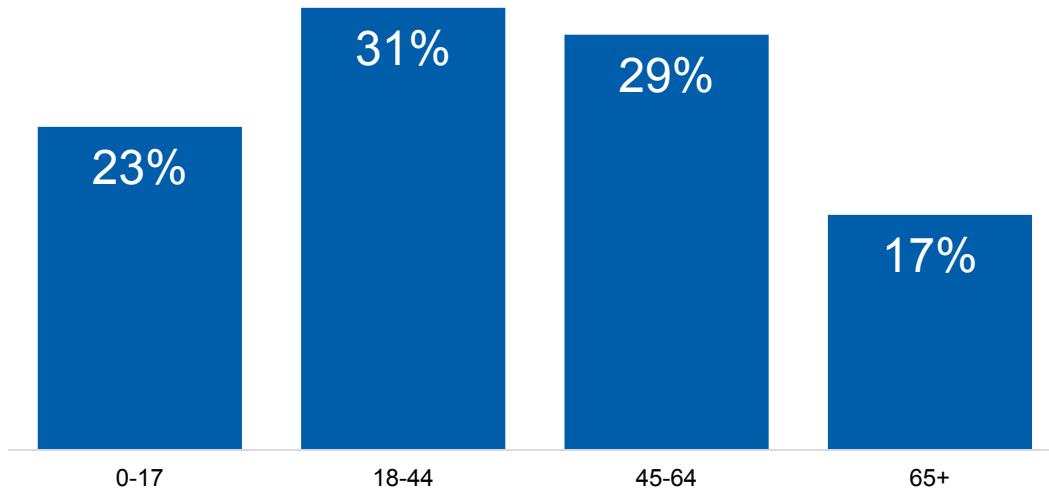
About Steuben County

98,917 residents live in Steuben County.

93,041 are White Non-Hispanic.



Population by Age Group



6%

of households speak a language other than English. More than 160 of those households have Limited English Proficiency (LEP).

15.6%

of the population is living with a disability.

5.2%

of the labor force is unemployed.

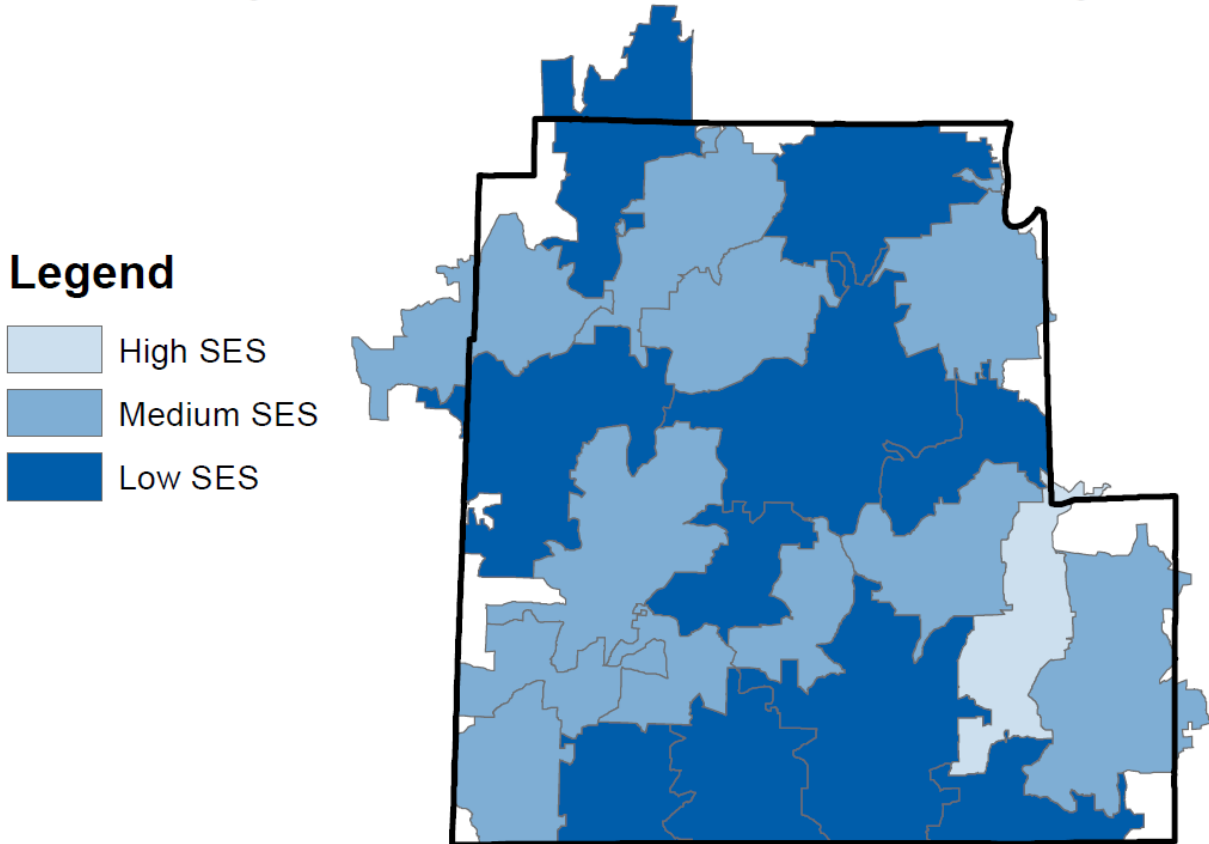
77.5 years

is the average life expectancy at birth.

About Steuben County

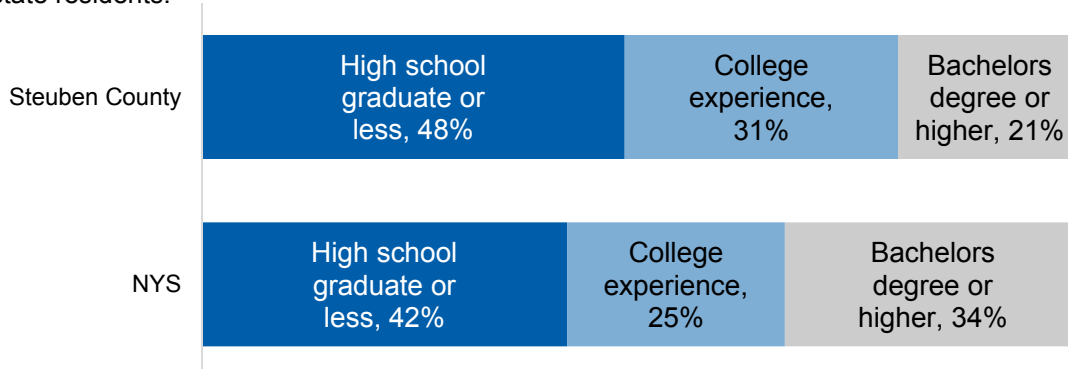
More than 16,000 residents – 16.6 percent of **Steuben County's** population – live below the federal poverty level according to U.S. Census statistics. As the map illustrates, poverty is found in areas throughout the entire county. Research shows that lower socioeconomic status (SES) is linked to higher incidence of chronic disease, shorter life expectancy and lower rates of good social, emotional and physical health.¹

SES by ZIP Code - Steuben County



Education levels can also predict life expectancy. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention reports that adults aged 25 without a high school diploma “can expect to die nine years sooner than college graduates.”² Approximately 52 percent of **Steuben County** residents have at least some form of college experience, compared to 59 percent of New




York state residents.




Health Behaviors

Behavioral and personal lifestyles are important determinants of health. Smoking, poor nutrition and other unhealthy behaviors are linked to adverse health outcomes.

Many of the indicators for behavioral lifestyles shown below for **Steuben County** are similar to Upstate New York Rates. However, there is a lower percentage of fast food consumption in **Steuben County**.

	Steuben County	Upstate New York
Consumes fast food three or more times per week 	2.5%	6.3%
Consumes one or more sugary drinks daily 	22.8%	23.3%
Participated in leisure time physical activity in the past 30 days 	75.8%	73.7%

Adult smoking rates are substantially higher in **Steuben County** (23.7 percent) compared to Upstate New York (17.3 percent). Data reveal an estimate of more than 17,000 adults who currently smoke in **Steuben County**.

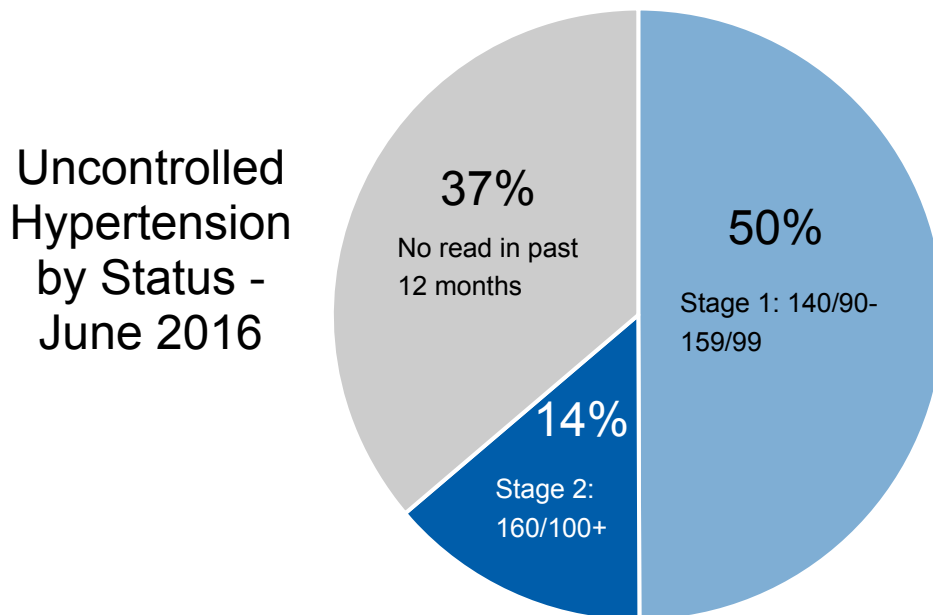
	Steuben County	Upstate New York
Current cigarette smoker 	23.7%	17.3%

Health Behaviors

Inactive lifestyles and poor diets may lead to obesity, a risk factor for developing diabetes, hypertension and other chronic illnesses. Estimated rates of obese or overweight adults, diabetes and hypertension are all higher in **Steuben County** than in Upstate New York.




	Steuben County	Upstate New York
Obese or overweight adults	69.2%	62.2%
Physician-diagnosed diabetes	12.1%	9.2%
Physician-diagnosed hypertension	36.9%	30.2%

For individuals with hypertension, controlling high blood pressure with medication and lifestyle change is critical to avoiding complications such as heart attack, stroke and kidney failure. The individuals who are most at risk for these life threatening events are those who have extremely high blood pressure, known as stage 2 hypertension. As of June 2016, the region's high blood pressure registry showed that more than 71 percent of **Steuben County** adults with hypertension had their condition under control. For residents whose blood pressure was uncontrolled, 14 percent had stage 2 hypertension.



Social Determinants of Health

The physical environment plays an important role in residents' ability to engage in physical activity and access nutritious food. Many residents in **Steuben County** experience indicators of poor environmental health, including at risk populations (i.e. low income) living in a food desert or experiencing food insecurity. Of note, **Steuben County** has a significantly higher rate of its population reporting food insecurity in the past year (29.0 percent) compared to Upstate New York (22.7 percent).

	Steuben County	Upstate New York
 <p>Consider neighborhood suitable for walking and physical activity</p>	92.3%	92.3%
 <p>Low income living in a food desert</p>	25.2%	22.4%
 <p>Reported food insecurity in the past 12 months</p>	29.0%	22.7%

Approximately one in eight (13.5 percent) **Steuben County** residents report experiencing 14 or more poor mental health days in the past month. This is compared to 11.5 percent of Upstate New York residents.

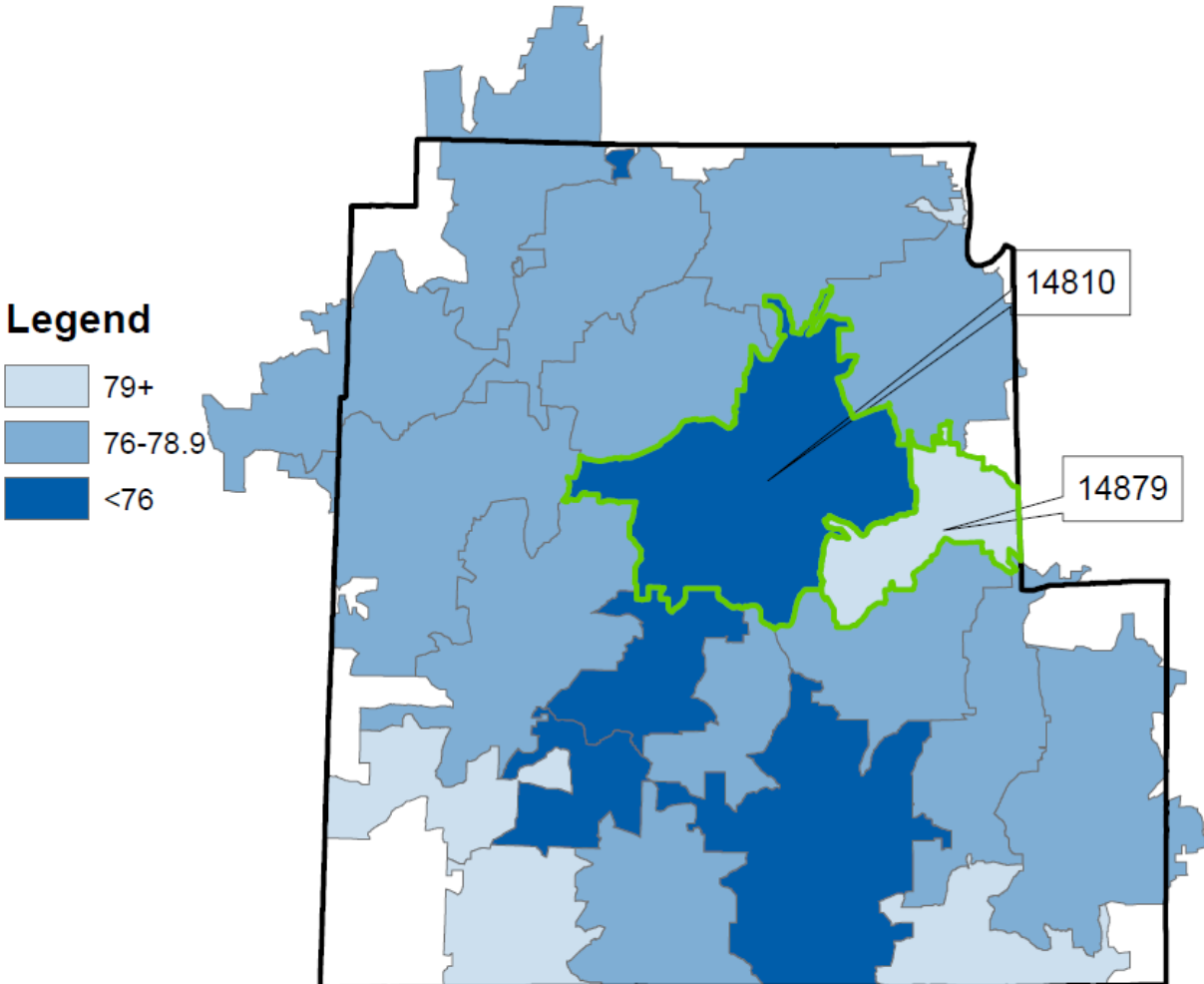


Life Expectancy

Although average life expectancy in **Steuben County** is 77.5 years, how long residents live on average varies by more than 4 years depending on their ZIP code.

For example, ZIP code area **14810, Bath**, has an estimated life expectancy of only 74.9 years at birth. By contrast, the county's highest estimated life expectancy, 79.1 years, is found in **Savona's 14879** ZIP code area.

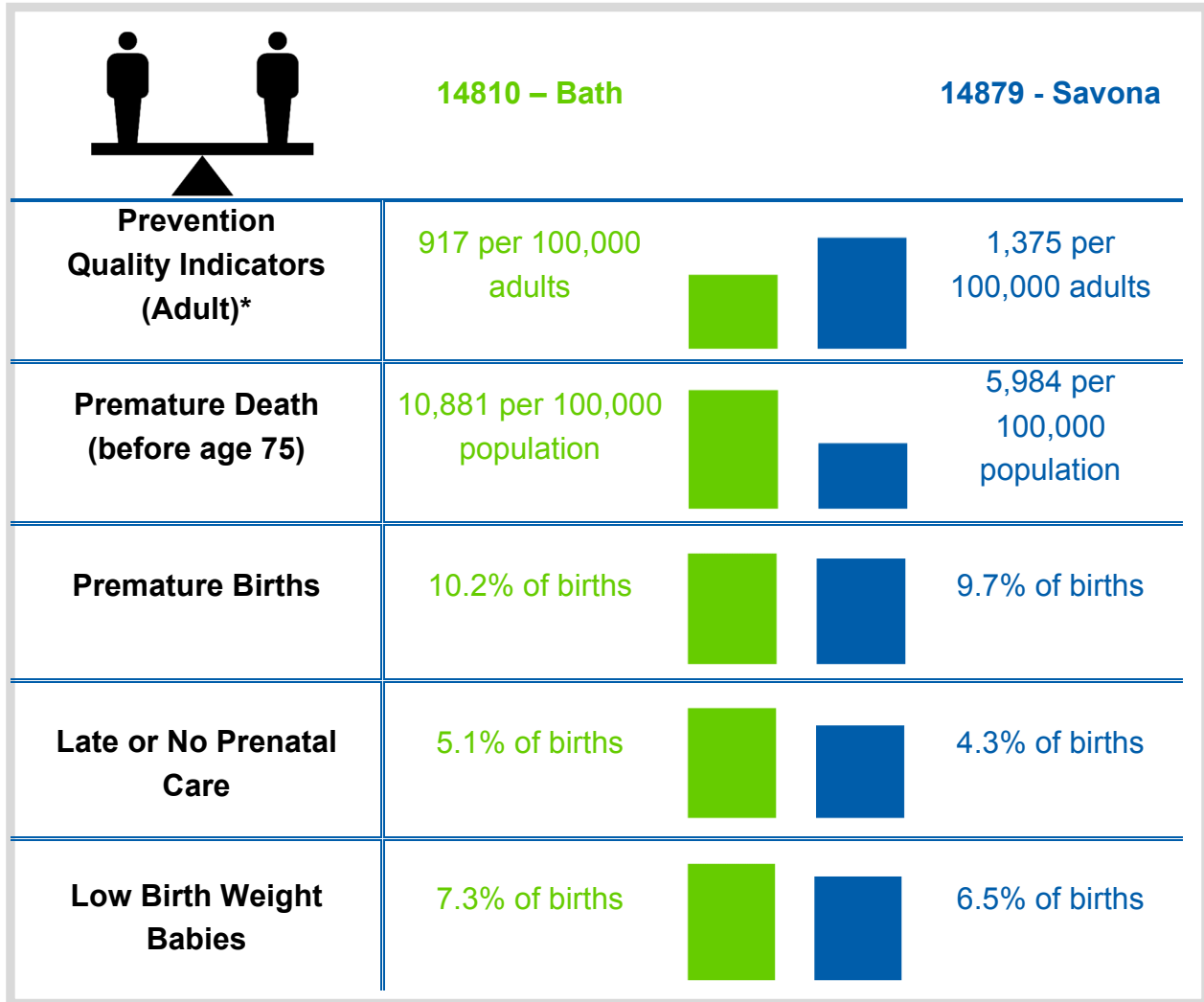
Life Expectancy by ZIP Code - Steuben County



Research has shown that poverty is associated with shorter life expectancy. Residents with lower socioeconomic status are less likely to seek preventative care and to monitor/maintain good health behaviors for a variety of reasons.

Disparity

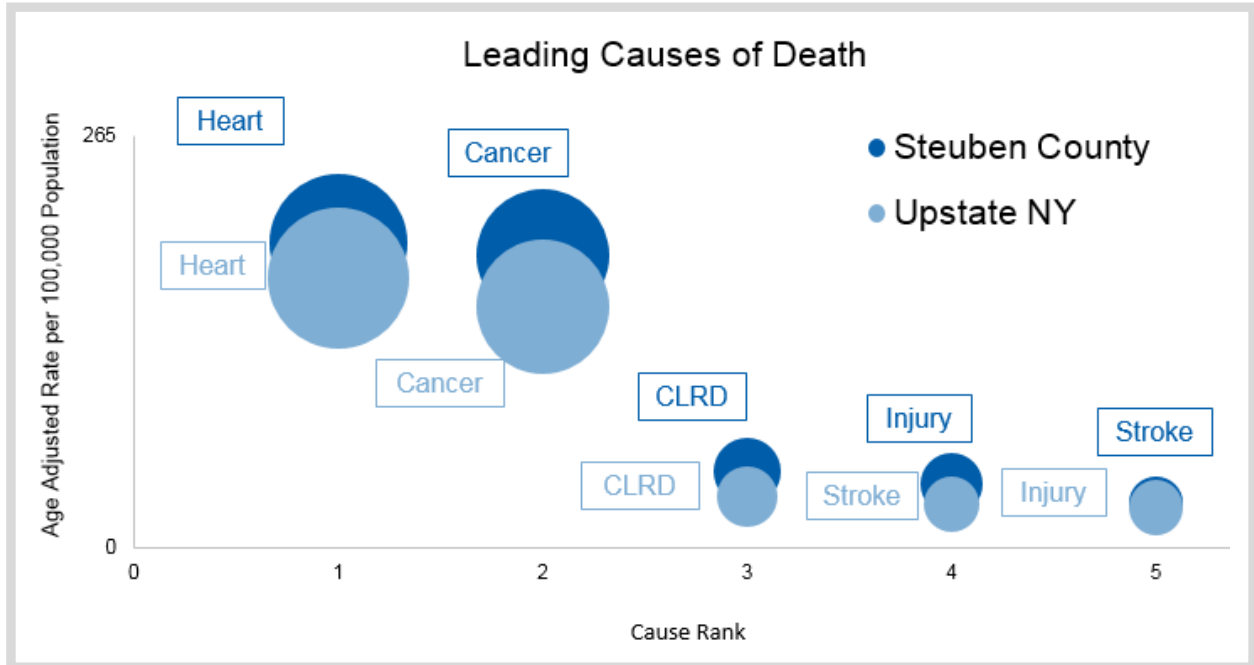
A comparison of ZIP codes shows that rates for selected health indicators are similar in **Bath** and **Savona**. Due to this similarity, there are likely other factors not captured here that are driving the disparity in life expectancy for these ZIP codes.



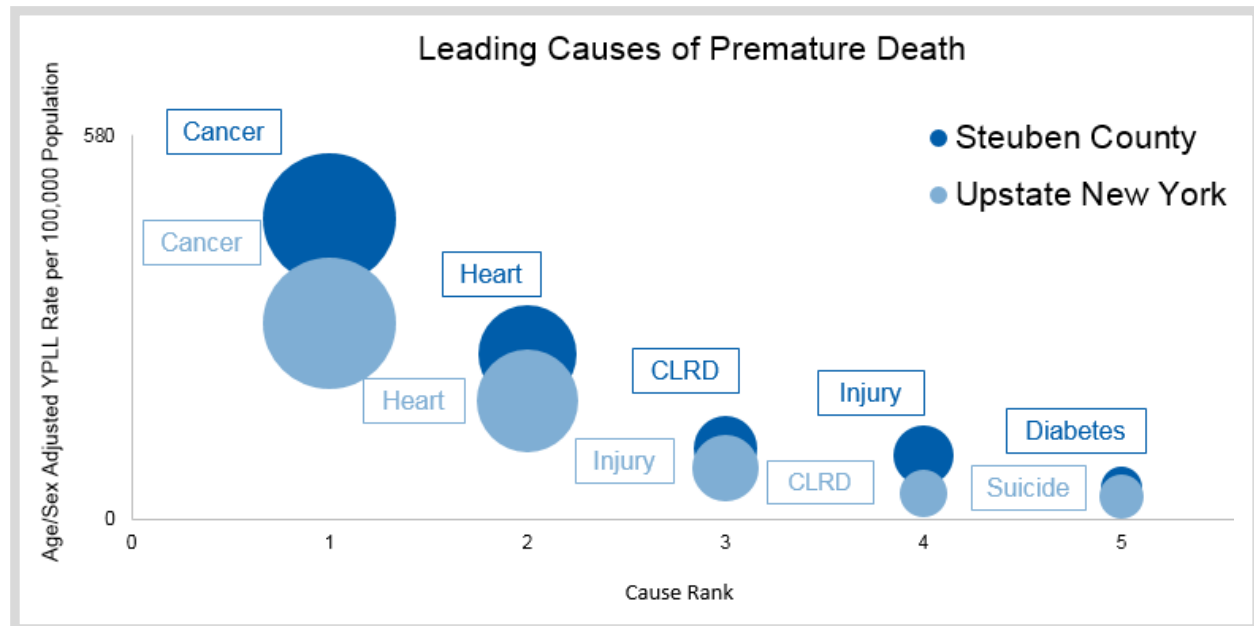
**Prevention Quality Indicators (PQI) were developed by the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, are based on ICD-9 coding. PQIs classify conditions that are seen as potentially preventable/avoidable had sufficient care been given in the primary care setting prior to the presentation. This value is a composite of all of the PQIs.*

Leading Causes of Death

Leading causes of death in **Steuben County** are similar to those of Upstate New York. The graph below demonstrates the five leading causes of death. The larger the bubble, the larger the problem in the geographic area.



Many of the leading causes of death shown in the figure above can be attributed to chronic diseases such as hypertension and obesity. However, the data below tell a slightly different story for premature death before age 75. Unintentional injury and diabetes rank among the top five causes of premature death in **Steuben County**.



Sources: Vital Statistics 2014. Premature mortality graph are 2012-2014 averages with deaths before age 75. Rankings exclude perinatal deaths. CLRD = Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease. All rates are age/sex adjusted.

Population Health Measures

In 2013, FLHSA convened the Regional Commission on Community Health Improvement. Over 18 months, the Commission engaged leaders from across the region to study and develop ideas for improving the integration of care and addressing the complex medical, behavioral and social needs of vulnerable community residents.

The Commission adopted a set of communitywide measures to gauge the region's collective progress toward improved community health. Below are the population health measures selected by the Commission specific to **Steuben County**. The icons indicate whether the Finger Lakes region is getting better, has remained flat or is getting worse for each measure.

Regional Trend Indicator



Better



Flat



Worse



Community Measures

Steuben County

Finger Lakes Region

	Steuben County	Finger Lakes Region	
Childhood Immunization <i>Percentage of children receiving recommended immunizations by 36 months</i>	64.2%	64.5%	
Childhood Obesity <i>Percentage of school children whose weight is at the 95th percentile or greater</i>	19.1%	16.1%	
Adult Obesity <i>Percentage of adults 18 years or older with a BMI of 30 or greater</i>	32.2%	27.0%	
Adult Smoking <i>Percentage of adults who are current smokers</i>	23.7%	17.4%	
High Blood Pressure Control <i>Percentage of adults with high blood pressure who had their condition under control</i>	71.0%	68.0%	
Type II Diabetes Control <i>Under development</i>	N/A	N/A	
High School Graduation <i>Percentage of students graduating in four years</i>	82.0%	81.2%	

Population Health Measures



Clinical Measures

Steuben County

Finger Lakes Region

Preventable Hospital Stays (rate per 100,000 population)

1,032

1,074



Number of hospital stays for PQIs

Depression Screening

N/A

N/A

Under development

ED Visits with Behavioral Health

Diagnosis

10.7%

8.6%



Percentage of all ED patients with a behavioral health diagnosis

ED Visits Among those 65+ (rate per 1,000 population)

400

303



Number of ED visits that involve adults 65+

30 Day Readmissions with Behavioral Health Diagnoses

13.2%

13.4%



30-day hospital behavioral health related readmission rates

Nursing Home Use

Number of nursing home days per 1,000 individuals 85+

92,957

96,053



Health Outcomes

Steuben County

Finger Lakes Region

Premature Death (rate per 100,000 population)

3,573

3,496



Years of potential life lost before age 65

Low Birth Weight

Percentage of births with birthweight less than 2500 g/ 5.5 lbs

6.7%

7.8%



Good Health Self-Report

Percentage of adults reporting excellent, very good or good general health status

85.0%

83.7%



End Notes

References

1. The Future of Children: A collaboration of the Woodrow Wilson School of Public and International Affairs at Princeton University and The Brookings Institution. "The Health-Related Effects of Socioeconomic Status," February 2013.
2. Health, United States, 2011: with special feature on socioeconomic status and health. Hyattsville, MD: National Center for Health Statistics; 2012.

Sources for Population Health Measures

Community Measures

Childhood Immunization – New York State Immunization Information System, 2013
Childhood Obesity – Student Weight Status Category Reporting System, 2012-2014
Adult Obesity – Expanded Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (ExpBRFSS) 2013-2014
Adult Smoking – ExpBRFSS 2013-2014
High Blood Pressure Control – FLHSA Hypertension Registry, June 2016
Type II Diabetes Control – Under Development
High School Graduation – NYS Department of Education, 2015

Clinical Measures

Preventable Hospital Stays – NY Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS), 2014-2015
Depression Screening – Under Development
ED Visits with a Behavioral Health Diagnosis – SPARCS, 2014
ED Visits among those 65+ - SPARCS, 2014
30 Day Readmissions with Behavioral Health Diagnoses – SPARCS, 2014
Nursing Home Use among 85+ - Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Skilled Nursing Facility Cost Reports, 2013

Health Outcomes

Premature Death – NYS Vital Statistics, 2014
Low Birthweight – NYS Perinatal Data Profile, 2015
Good Health Self-Report –ExpBRFSS, 2013-2014

Data Sources

U.S. Census Bureau/American Community Survey: Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties. Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

New York State Department of Labor: Civilian Unemployment includes those individuals who were not working but were able, available and actively looking for work during the week including the 12th of the month. Individuals who were waiting to be recalled from a layoff, and individuals waiting to report to a new

job within 30 days were also considered to be unemployed. Unemployment Rate is the number of unemployed as a percentage of the labor force.

Expanded Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System/Sub-County Health Data Report: Data was collected for ExpBRFSS over the course of 12 monthly waves, starting April 15, 2013 and ending May 10, 2014. The goal of each wave was to obtain roughly 8.3 percent of the required completes in each county for the landline survey and each region for the cell phone survey. Experienced interviewers conducted telephone interviews using computer-assisted telephone interviewing (CATI) software.

Finger Lakes Health Systems Agency (FLHSA) High Blood Pressure Registry: The FLHSA hypertension registry collects data from medical practice systems on hypertensive patients. Data provided are reflective of the patients involved in the registry. The Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS) is the tool used to measure hypertension control. Controlled hypertension are those who have a reading in the past year <140/90; Stage 1 are those with a reading between 141/90—159/99; Stage 2 are those with a reading >160/100. Those who have not had a reading in the past 12 months are considered uncontrolled.

United States Department of Agriculture Economic Research Service: Low access to healthy food is defined as being far from a supermarket, supercenter or large grocery store ("supermarket" for short). Food desert status is defined as a low income census tract with a supermarket more than a half of a mile away for urban tracts, and more than 10 miles away for rural tracts. Population size is according to the 2010 Census estimates. A census tract is considered to have low access if a significant number or share of individuals in the tract is far from a supermarket. A significant number of the population includes at least 500 people or 33 percent of the tract's population.

New York State Department of Health Vital Statistics: The cause of death reported in this publication is the underlying cause classified according to the tenth revision of the International Classification of Diseases (ICD, 10th revision) adopted by New York state in 1999. Historically, several revisions of the ICD have been used, therefore, it is necessary to employ a comparability ratio when comparing cause of death statistics across revisions. Comparability ratios have been published by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS).

New York State Perinatal Data Profile: Premature births are those which occurred prior to 37 weeks gestation. Late or no prenatal care is defined as those who had prenatal care initiated during the third trimester of pregnancy or not at all. Low birthweight babies are births weighing between 100-2499 grams.

Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System: SPARCS is a comprehensive all payer data reporting system established in 1979 as a result of cooperation between the healthcare industry and government. The system was initially created to collect information on discharges from hospitals. SPARCS currently collects patient level detail on patient characteristics, diagnoses and treatments, services, and charges for each hospital inpatient stay and outpatient (ambulatory surgery, emergency department and outpatient services) visit; and each ambulatory surgery and outpatient services visit to a hospital extension clinic and diagnostic and treatment center licensed to provide ambulatory surgery services. All calculations were performed by FLHSA and are age/sex adjusted rates.

New York State Immunization Information System (NYSIIS): NYSIIS is a statewide immunization information system or registry which maintains immunization data of persons of all ages. The recommended vaccinations by 36 months of age include the 4:3:1:3:3:1:4 immunization series: 4DTaP, 3 polio, 1 MMR, 3 hep B, 3 Hib, 1 varicella, and 4 PCV13.

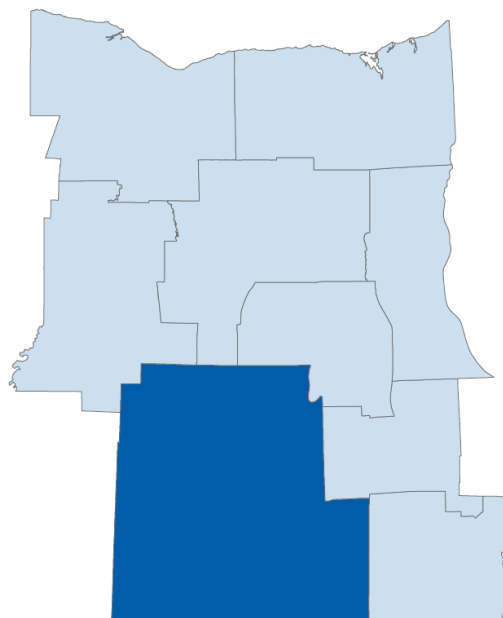
Student Weight Status Category Reporting System (SWSCR): The SWSCR collects data on weight status category, including underweight, healthy weight, overweight or obese based on BMI-for-age percentile on children and adolescents attending public schools in New York State.

NYS Department of Education: Data are submitted to the New York State Department of Education (NYSED) by school districts, charter schools, Boards of Cooperative Education Services (BOCES), institutions of Higher Education and NYSED program offices.

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Skilled Nursing Facility Cost Reports: Data are collected on nursing home days from 2013 residential health care facility cost reports. Population estimates are collected from the U.S. Census Bureau, June 2015.

For reports on the remaining 8 counties in the Finger Lakes Region,
and additional data reports for **Steuben County**,
please visit our website at:
www.flhsa.org/data/counties

For questions regarding this report, please contact Catie Kunecki at:
CatieKunecki@flhsa.org,
(585) 224-3157



About FLHSA

Founded in 1974, Finger Lakes Health Systems Agency is one of the nation's oldest and most effective regional health planning organizations. Located in Rochester's Neighborhood of the Arts, the agency serves the nine-county Finger Lakes region. We bring together health care providers, insurers, consumers and other partners to find common ground on our most pressing health challenges. Using the region's most comprehensive health data, together we hammer out strategies for better care, smarter spending and healthier people. Learn more about our community tables, our data resources and our work improving population health at www.flhsa.org.

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